CITY OF LODI INFORMAL INFORMATIONAL MEETING "SHIRTSLEEVE" SESSION CARNEGIE FORUM, 305 WEST PINE STREET TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 2002

An Informal Informational Meeting ("Shirtsleeve" Session) of the Lodi City Council was held Tuesday, February 26, 2002 commencing at 7:02 a.m.

A. ROLL CALL

Present: Council Members - Hitchcock, Howard, Land, Nakanishi, and Mayor Pennino

Absent: Council Members – None

Also Present: City Manager Flynn, City Attorney Hays, and Deputy City Clerk Perrin

B. CITY COUNCIL CALENDAR UPDATE

Deputy City Clerk Perrin reviewed the weekly calendar (filed).

C. TOPIC(S)

C-1 "Street Sweeping Improvements"

Public Works Director Prima introduced the newest staff member to Public Works, Marlinda Devera, who's upcoming project will be to work on the storm water program, and also introduced Curt Juran, Street Contracts Administrator; Dave Bender, Streets Supervisor in charge of the street sweeping program; and George Bradley, Streets Superintendent.

Mr. Bradley reported that street sweeping is important in that it enhances the appearance of the City's streets and neighborhoods, thereby improving property values. The removal of debris from the streets and gutters, prior to it entering catch basins and the storm system, reduces blockages, pollution, and street flooding, as well as reducing the wear and tear on the City's aging storm pumps. As debris goes through the system, it acts as sandpaper, causing damage. The cost to rebuild these impairments is \$20,000. Street sweeping greatly reduces the debris and pollutants running into the Mokelumne River and the Woodbridge Irrigation canal from the City's storm system. For this reason, the street sweeping program is tied directly to the storm water program.

There are two types of street sweepers: the regenerative air (vacuum) sweeper and the mechanical/broom sweepers. The regenerative air sweepers meet PM10 "Fugitive Dust" requirements as set by the California Air Resources Board, create less dust and noise, have significantly lower maintenance costs, and pick up fine dirt, which is especially helpful with the large amount of fine particles collecting in between the downtown paving stones. Mechanical/broom sweepers are only now beginning to meet PM10 "Fugitive Dust" requirements by utilizing a greater amount of water. They are also noisier and more costly to maintain because of the increased number of moving parts; however, they excel in picking up larger debris and are cheaper. Although the regenerative air sweeper is more expensive initially, it is cheaper in the long run.

The key pollutant sources entering the waterways are total suspended solids, phosphorus, copper, zinc, and aluminum and come from the street surface, vehicles, and atmosphere.

Currently the City sweeps residential areas once a month, arterial (or larger) streets twice a month, and the downtown three times a week. There is one full-time staff position dedicated to the street route assignment with one sweeper used for street sweeping and a second one for street projects as a maintenance tool, responses to spills, and backup.

In response to Mayor Pro Tempore Hitchcock, Mr. Bradley stated the street sweeping program was downsized by 20% in 1993 due to budget constraints and cutbacks from the state. Prior to that street sweeping was done more often.

Public Works conducted a survey of 15 cities on how often they sweep their streets. In the downtown effort, Lodi appears to be in line with the other cities; however, with residential street sweeping, Lodi is behind the average. Lodi matches with the other cities in regard to sweeping of arterial streets. Nine of these cities are managing their street sweeping programs in-house, while six of the cities contract the service.

In the 2001-2003 budget, the City Council approved \$82,000 to increase the sweeping effort. The increase in funding was from the wastewater fund because of the direct impact on the storm water system. Staff will return to Council to discuss how the City should carry out this program (in-house or contract) as well as other improvements such as possible parking restrictions on sweeping days.

The City currently sweeps 6,100 curb miles per year, and, averaging the contract prices from the six survey cities at \$21 per curb mile, the City could spend \$128,100 annually for contract street sweeping services. The City's cost to sweep the same 6,100 curb miles is \$13.41 per curb mile, which includes depreciation of the unit, labor, overhead, dump fees, and maintenance, for a total cost of \$82,000. City-wide (administrative) overhead was not included in this estimate.

Mr. Bradley reviewed the following three options, using the premise that the total curb miles are doubled at 12,200 and that the downtown sweeping remains the same at three times per week:

- 1. Contract all sweeping average cost \$226,000 per year.
- Combine current in-house sweeping with additional contract sweeping \$210,000 per year.
- 3. Acquire an additional sweeper and add one full-time position \$160,000 per year.

In response to Mayor Pro Tempore Hitchcock, Mr. Bradley stated that the cost per curb mile would not increase with the doubling of the total curb miles swept. Mr. Prima added that the cost in fact could be less when using higher efficient equipment and productive operators, in addition to the fact that less debris will collect due to increased sweeping.

Mr. Bradley suggested parking restrictions also be considered because of the problem with on street parking of vehicles on street sweeping days. The following concepts were suggested:

- No parking on sweeping days;
- Alternate no parking on different sides of the street on sweeping day;
- Schedule to minimize impact (e.g. sweep businesses early before employees arrive and sweep apartment complexes once residents leave for work);
- Enforcement options: post signs City-wide or only at problem areas.

The cost for posting a permanent sign is \$60 and can be initiated by resident complaints or requests from staff or Council. Signage can be done block by block or only at neighborhood entrances. As an example, it would cost the City \$20,000 to install permanent signs block by block in the Parkwest area; however, permanent signs placed only at its entrances would cost \$500-\$600.

Staff recommended that Council give staff the flexibility to implement a street sweeping program and advertise and promote the sweeping schedule, along with a phone number to call in complaints. Reported problem areas would be blocked off with barricades and no parking signs in order to sweep the area. Staff would also track the number of times repeated problem areas arise in order to determine if permanent signage should be installed. This process would reduce the number of permanent signs going up throughout the City.

Council Member Land recommended that staff regularly advertise the street sweeping dates and times to better inform the citizens, which could result in fewer cars on the street. Extra effort needs to be taken with highly impacted areas, such as the east side neighborhoods that house multi-family units.

Continued February 26, 2002

Suggestions on improving public notification included further utilizing the newspaper, special annual mailers with the utility bills similar to that of Central Valley Waste's mailers, and postings on the Web site of the schedule, map, and phone number to report problem areas.

Council Member Land suggested that a statement be included on the utility bill itself reminding homeowners to move their cars on their street sweeping day. Mr. Land requested staff to return to Council with a 4-5 year plan that would include steps to immediately address the highly impacted areas, to better notify residents, and to adjust the schedule with set sweeping dates and times. He favored posting signs at entrances of neighborhoods with additional signage at problem areas; however, signage should not be installed until the public is made aware of the program.

Mr. Bradley responded to Council Member Land that the current 12-year old three-wheel broom sweeper is at the end of its life span and is being used as a back up, and the seven-year old TYMCO sweeper will be moved to back up within the following year. If Council opted to keep the street sweeping services in-house, another unit would need to be purchased immediately because of the increased effort. The following year, the three-wheel unit would be replaced and the TYMCO sweeper would become the backup. The life of each of the three units would be nine years, with a unit being replaced every third year. In response to the question about potential savings, Mr. Bradley replied that when the street sweeping program was reduced, it became necessary to rebuild and replace two storm pumps per year because of the lack of cleaning. In addition, the Woodbridge Irrigation canal is dredged of total suspended solids every 5-6 years, which is more often than the 8-10 years done before the cutbacks. Because neighborhoods will be cleaned twice as often, there will be a reduced amount of debris, allowing the sweeper to stay at the curb longer, thereby getting a cleaner street.

Council Member Howard clarified that the proposal is to keep street sweeping in the downtown area as it is currently at three times per week, with residential areas and arterial streets doubled. Mr. Bradley responded in the affirmative.

In response to Council Member Howard, Mr. Bradley affirmed that the improvement to the storm water system is the major motivator behind improving the street sweeping program. The only complaints received from the public are calls that the street sweeper did not come through a neighborhood, when in fact it did. At this point, staff has not spent the funds approved by Council last year for the increased street sweeping.

Council Member Howard expressed her support of keeping the street sweeping services in-house and her opposition to placing an excess amount of signs throughout the City. Improved communications via the Web site and mailings are crucial so people are aware and will hopefully voluntarily move their cars. Ms. Howard questioned if the Lower Sacramento Road and Kettleman Lane improvements would increase the time, wear, and tear on the equipment because of the wider streets.

Mr. Bradley responded that it would since the curb miles are doubled due to the median. It may even take three passes in certain locations.

Mayor Pro Tempore Hitchcock requested that staff provide Council with the cost per curb mile of all of the comparison cities, as only the cities of Vacaville and Davis were provided. Ms. Hitchcock suggested that the street sweeping dates be regular and consistent to keep cars off of the streets.

Public Works Director Prima cautioned that the curb mile data is somewhat skewed as the city of Davis included leaf pick up in its figures.

Council Member Nakanishi voiced that the program is cost effective and needs to be done. He would like to see the high impact areas addressed and that no signs are installed or fines imposed at this point.

Continued February 26, 2002

Mayor Pennino also expressed his opposition to installing a large number of signs and suggested consolidating the street sweeping with the garbage pick up days, to which Mr. Prima responded that there would be too many cans in the streets blocking the sweeper. Mayor Pennino would like staff to begin sweeping the east side immediately. He was in favor of keeping the service in-house; however, in the 3-4 months it takes to implement the program, he would approve of using the \$82,000 set aside to contract the service if necessary. He was in support of consistent, regular sweeping dates and favored the idea of overlapping shifts.

Mr. Bradley clarified that Council's direction to staff is to implement this program as quickly as possible, with the least amount of impact on the public. There are currently two street sweepers in service that would be utilized throughout the purchase mode of the third unit.

Council concurred that the purchase of the street sweeper and the addition of the full-time position should come before Council for approval following the usual process and that staff also return to Council with a proposed 4-5 year plan.

Public Works Director Prima affirmed that staff would immediately double the frequency of street sweeping; however, the posting of signs, restrictions, etc. will take time and come later in the process. Staff will begin with the soft approach first and assess problem areas, which will be tackled later. Public Works will return to Council in March with a formal presentation.

Mayor Pennino suggested taking advantage of volunteers in assisting with door-to-door fliers to notify the public of street sweeping schedules.

D. COMMENTS BY THE PUBLIC ON NON-AGENDA ITEMS

None.

E. ADJOURNMENT

No action was taken by the City Council. The meeting was adjourned at 7:52 a.m.

ATTEST:

Jennifer M. Perrin Deputy City Clerk

Mayor's & Council Member's Weekly Calendar

WEEK OF FEBRUARY 26, 2002

Tuesday, February 26, 2002

7:00 a.m.

Shirtsleeve Session

1. Street Sweeping Improvements

5:30 - 7:00 p.m. Pennino. Grand opening and ribbon cutting for CitiFinancial, 1420 W. Kettleman Lane, Suite B3.

6:00 p.m.

Premier West Credit Union 70th Anniversary Dinner,

Elkhorn Country Club, Stockton.

Wednesday, February 27, 2002

Thursday, February 28, 2002

8:00 a.m.

Pennino. San Joaquin Partnership Meeting.

5:00 p.m.

Pennino. COG meeting.

7:00 - 8:30 p.m. Public Meeting to discuss the Kettleman Lane Improvement

Project, Carnegie Forum.

Friday, March 1, 2002

Reminder

Chamber's Farm Safety Day, Lodi Grape Festival Grounds.

8:00 a.m.

Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board public

meeting, Sacramento.

8:00 a.m.

Pennino. Youth Conference "Light Tomorrow with Today"

welcome and introduction, Lodi Academy Campus.

6:00 p.m.

Pennino. SJCOG Regional Excellence Awards Program, Hutchins Street Square ~ Kirst Hall. Dinner at 7:00 p.m., Recognition Presentations at 8:00 p.m., and dancing to

follow.

Saturday, March 2, 2002

11:00 a.m.

Pennino. Arbor Day celebration, Blakely Park.

5:30 p.m.

Pennino and Hitchcock. Lodi City Employees Association Annual Dinner Dance and Awards Banquet, Hutchins Street

Square.

Sunday, March 3, 2002

Monday, March 4, 2002



Open House and Reception Welcoming New York City Firefighter Doug Spano



The City of Lodi, California is one of two hundred cities across the country that will host a New York City firefighter this weekend, March 1 - 4, 2002, as part of "Cities Unite America and Thank New York Firefighters", a national effort to thank New York's heroic firefighters and to help spur travel and tourism across the country.

Please join us for a reception welcoming New York Firefighter Doug Spano to the City of Lodi

Location:

Lodi Fire Station #4

180 Lower Sacramento Road

Date:

Saturday, March 2, 2002

Time:

10:00 to 11:30 a.m.

All members of the public are welcome!

This effort is co-sponsored by the U.S. Conference of Mayors and NYC and Company



Alternatives for improved street sweeping.

Prepared by the Street Division of the City of Lodi.

February 26, 2002

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- Thisince the appearance of the City's streets and netentionals. melgilbortroods.
- > To remove debris from the streets and gutters prior to it entering catch basins and the storm system, reducing blockages and pollution.
 - > To reduce the wear and tear on the City storm pumps.
- > To reduce the debris and pollutants that run from the into the Mokelumne River and Woodbridge Irrigation City's storm system and ultimately are discharged

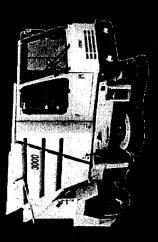
Regenerative Air

- Meet PM10 Fughiye Dust requirements
 - Creates less লা।st
- Quieter operation Significantly lower maintenance cost due to design
 - Picks up finer dirt particles
- More expensive initial cost



Mechanical/Broom

- No known units meet PM10 Fugitive Dust requirements
- More noise
- Significantly higher maintenance costs due to increase number of moving parts.
 - Picks up larger debris
 - Cheaper to purchase



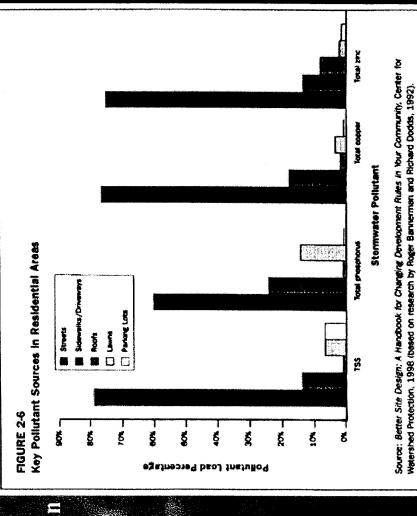
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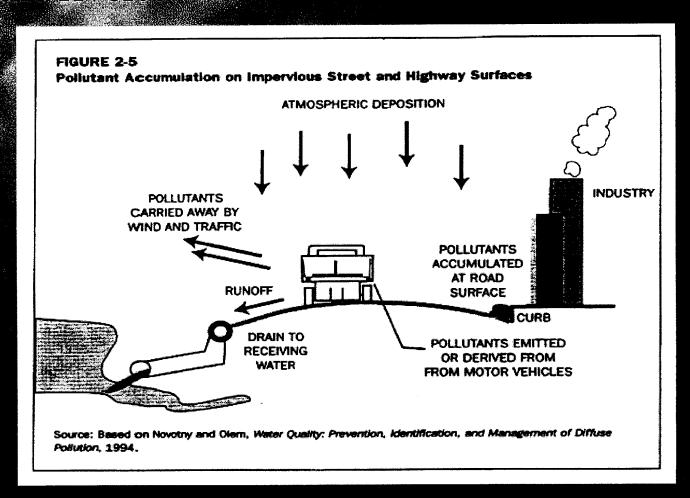
> Phosphorus

> Copper

> Zinc



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Chity of Toolin Section

- Residential sweeping once a mignifile
- Arterial sweeping twice a month.
- > Downtown three times a week.
- One full-time staff position.
 One sweeper is used for street sweeper is used for street projects as a maintenance tool, responding to spills, and as a backup sweeper.



How often are other Cities sweeping?

		8 11 21	4 (1) 14 (1) 4 (1) 14 (1)
01.1	Downtown	Residential	Arterials and Collectors
Chico	3 times a week	once every other week*	once every other week*
Davis	twice a week	once per week	
Fairfield	every day	bi-weekly	weekly
Manteca	3 times a week	every other week	
Merced	3 times a week	twice a month	
Modesto	nightly	twice a month	
Redding	once every eight	once every two months	
Roseville	every other week	once a month	every other week
Stockton	every day	twice a month	
Tracy	twice a week	once every two weeks	
Turlock	twice a week		
Vacaville	NA	NA	NA
Visalia	NA	NA	NA
Woodland	NA	NA	NA
Lodi	3 times a week	once a month	every other week
	*bike lanes swept weekly		NA - no information from agency

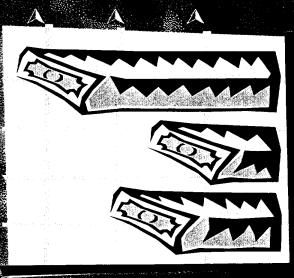
What are other cities doing?

	Population	Contract or City?
Chico	64,000	Contract
Davis	62,000	Contract
Fairfield	98,800	City
Manteca	51,900	City
Merced	65,400	City
Modesto	194,400	City
Redding	82,500	City
Roseville	83,000	City
Stockton	251,000	City
Tracy	61,200	Contract
Turlock	57,800	Contract
Vacaville	91,200	Contract
Visalia	94,300	City
Woodland	20,600	Contract
Lodi	50,601	Ċ <u>i</u> Ł

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- In the 2001 2003 Budget, \$82,0000 was access increase sweeping frequency.
- Increase funding was from the Wastewatter Budget because of the reduction of pollutants to the storm system.
- Implementation (City vs. Contract) was to be discussed at future meetings.
- Other improvements to be discussed included possible prohibited parking on sweeping days.





- Total current curb miles swept annually =
- Average contract cost per curb mile =
- Total annual cost for contract sweeping alone at current level based on average cost =

The cost of contract sweeping was based on costs gathered from five out of fifteen Citics in the Lodi area that currently contract out sweeping. The costs ranged from a low of \$12.52 per curb mile for the City of Vacaville, to a high of \$34.07 per curb mile for the City of Davis. This was then multiplied by the current number of miles swept for an annualized cost

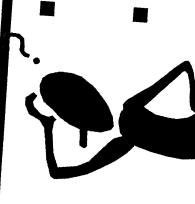


- Current total cost per curb mile = \$13.41
- Total annual costs include all costs associated with sweeping the City of Lodi. Included in the calculations are; dump fees, sweeper maintenance, sweeper depreciation based on 6 years, and labor = \$82,000

In house costs are gathered from the current existing costs of the following factors:

responding to spills and using the sweeper in street maintenance is added to the cost of maintaining the sweeper, but the additional miles were not added to the sweeping miles. All Labor, Equipment Maintenance & Repairs, Fuel, and Dumping Fees. The cost of

Options for Increasing Sweeping Frequency



Contract out all sweeping

Combine current sweeping with additional contract sweeping.



 Acquire an additional Sweeper and add a full time position.

Detimated costs to double current frequency by confracting all sweeping.

Average cost to sweep 12,200 curb miles annually = \$226,000

Lowest found cost to sweep 12,200 curb miles annually = \$153,000 Highest found cost to sweep 12,200 curb miles annually = \$415,000

Cost estimates came from five of fifteen cities contacted in the area that make use of contract sweeping.

Average annual cost to double sweeping frequency using contract sweeping in combination with City sweeping = \$210,000 Lowest annual found cost to double sweeping frequency using contract sweeping combined with City sweeping = \$158,000 Highest annual found cost to double sweeping frequency using contract sweeping combined with City sweeping = \$290,000

Cost estimates came from five of fifteen cities contacted in the area that make use of contract sweeping.

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Annual cost to double sweeping frequency new sweeper and additional operator = using current sweeping and acquiring a \$160,000

Costs include all Labor, Equipment Maintenance & Repairs, Fuel, and Dumping Fees for two sweepers and operators. The cost of the second sweeper is based on a purchase price of \$135,000 depreciated over 6 years. Sweepers have historically been kept for twelve years.

	Option 1. Contract All	Option 2. 50/50	Option 3. All City
Lowest Known Cost	SESS,000 Annually	\$159,000 Annually	
Average Cost	S226,000 Annually	\$210,000 Annually	\$160,000 Annually
Comments	Most expensive option. Must go to bid, no control on annualized costs. Current position would be absorbed within a year without adding staff. No staff person to respond to spills on streets. Existing sweeper would not need to be replaced as soon.	Second most expensive option. Must go to bid. no control on annualized costs. Sweeper would still need to be replaced in 2003/2004 budget year. No staff changes.	Known upfront costs. Least expensive option, Adds to fleet. Adds a staff position.